EECE5698 Networked XR Systems

Lecture Outline for Today

- Logistics
 - Quiz (not for grading)
 - Schedule, Instructor info
 - Grading, Communication, Expectations
- Introduction to XR
- Basics of Networked XR systems

Short Anonymous Quiz (Not for grading)

https://forms.gle/3xx33QMuFf6E3L4r8



Schedule and Instructor Info

Instructor: Mallesham Dasari

Class Times: TuFr 9:50AM-11:30AM

Class Room: Room 129, Forsyth Building

Office Hours: Appointment or open doors

Contact: m.dasari@northeastern.edu

Course Webpage: https://mallesham.com/courses/eece5698/

Grading

Quiz: 10%

Homeworks: 40%

Project: 50% (plus bonus of up to 10% if the project outcome is beyond expectation)

All deadlines are due 5pm unless otherwise specified

Late Days

- Quizzes 5
 - No late days
- Homeworks 4
 - 4 late days in total across all of them
- Project 1
 - Demo and a presentation
 - Last day of class or exam week

Homeworks and Project

- Some homeworks will be on programming
- No restrictions on language C/C++, Python, C#, Javascript, WebAssembly etc
- Individual project
- Project type
 - Implement a research paper that is already published
 - Conduct a measurement study
 - Research project

Experience Sessions

- Exploring XR tools
 - Headsets
 - Apps
 - Software
 - Demos of research prototypes
 - Watching 3D videos

Experience Sessions













Communication and Support

- Slack
- Canvas
- Piazza?

University Statements

- Student Accommodations
 - Disability services
- Academic Integrity
 - You are allowed to use ChatGPT/AI chatbots or any tools that you may need help for homeworks and projects
 - Acknowledge sources

This Class is About

- Building Networked Immersive Experiences
 - Hardware XR Headsets, Sensors, Devices
 - Software 3D Development tools, Programming Languages.
 - Algorithms 3D reconstruction, compression, network protocols, streaming methods.

This Class is Not About

- Computer Graphics
 - 3D Modeling, Rendering, Geometry Manipulation
- Computer Vision
 - SLAM, Image Feature Extraction, Face Recognition, Classification, Segmentation, Object Detection, etc.
- Computer Networks
 - Wireless, Cellular, Wide Area Internet Protocols
 - Routing, Congestion Control
 - Physical Layer, MAC Layer

Tentative Topics

This is an interdisciplinary course covering the following topics from emerging multimedia, computer networks, vision and graphics. In addition to the regular lectures, the class will also have experiential sessions with a variety of state-of-the-art XR headsets in the market.

- Fundamental problems of networked applications
- XR content representations
- 2D, Flat 360, 3D/Volumetric videos (RGB-D, point cloud, mesh, NeRF)
- Monocular, stereoscopic, and multiview videos
- Acquiring XR content for network delivery
- Compression algorithms for RGB and depth videos
- Compression algorithms for point cloud and mesh sequences
- Multiview compression algorithms
- Streaming fundamentals
- Stored, live, and interactive streaming protocols
- Streaming XR content (videos, point clouds, meshes, holograms, spaces)
- Content delivery networks
- Local streaming via WiFi, mmWave and optical wireless links
- · Remote and hybrid rendering
- Visual and wireless sensing for person tracking
- Networked XR platforms such as ARKit/Core, Unity, Open3D
- Building XR systems such as 3D telepresence (VR), Spatial Web (AR)

Tentative Schedule

Lecture slides & Notes Date Topics Readings 01/09 Introduction, networked applications, properties, basics of XR systems. Homework1 out. 01/12 XR headsets, internals, hardware, software, and tools. Due 01/22. 01/16 Sensors, cameras, depth sensors, lidars, sensing, algorithms. 3D data structures, point clouds, depth maps, geometric meshes, neural representations, mono, stereo, and multiview. Capturing 3D data for network transmission, outside-in and inside-out capture, latency and bandwidth trade-offs. Homework2 out. 01/26 Compression fundamentals, 2D video compression. Due 02/05. 01/30 Depth map compression, adopting 2D video codecs, standalone depth compression. **02/02** Point cloud compression, MPEG VPCC, GPCC. **02/06** Geometric mesh compression, Draco, Inter-frame mesh compression. Homework3 out. **02/09** Machine learning advances in compression. Due 02/19. **02/13** Compression for mono, stereo, and multi-view content representations.

Tentative Schedule

t idea due.
work4 out. 3/21.
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Tentative Schedule

03/26	Edge rendering, local streaming, WiFi, mmWave, THz, optical links, challenges and opportunities.		
	Remote and hybrid rendering, optimal scheduling, WebRTC.		
04/02	Tracking fundamentals, outside-in, inside-out, hands, face, body, gestures.	l I	Project midterm evaluation.
04/05	RF based tracking for XR headsets.		
04/09	Fusion algorithms for RF, visual, IMU, other sensing modalities.		
04/12	Collaborative virtual environments.		
04/16	3D Telepresence, spatial web systems.		
04/19	Advances in neural rendering, implicit representations for XR systems.		
04/26	Final project submission.		

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Any Questions?

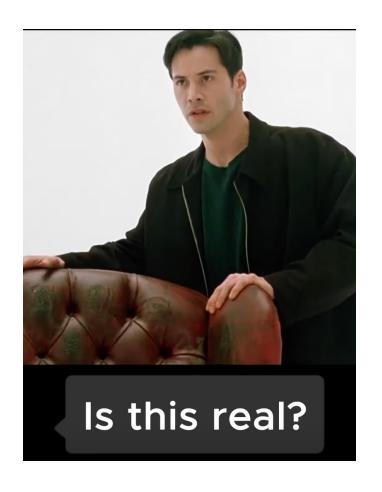
- Introduction to XR
- Basics of Networked XR systems

What is XR (Extended Reality)?

- A catch-all phrase for AR, VR, MR...
- Textbook definition: Bring digital world to our physical world

What is XR (Extended Reality)?

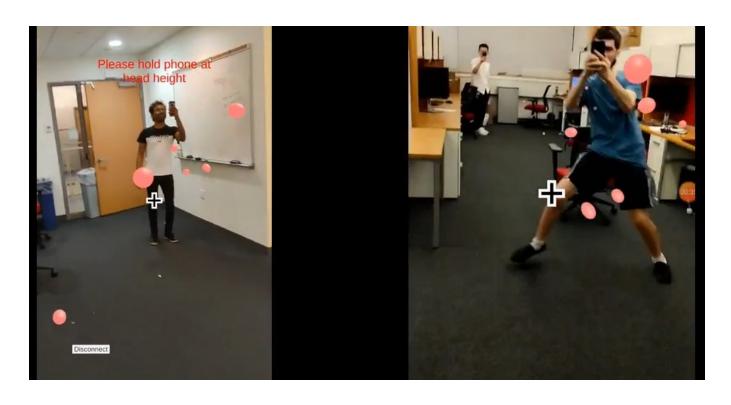




"real" is simply electrical signals interpreted by your brain

Augmented Reality

Overlays digital content in the physical world



Augmented Reality

- Variety of platforms
 - Smartphones, Headsets, Glasses
- Requires continuous tracking
 - Hands, Body, Person
- Display methods
 - Video see-through
 - Optical see-through

Mixed Reality

- Same as Augmented Reality
- Microsoft tried to rebrand it for marketing
 - Interaction highlighted

Virtual Reality

Completely immersed in digital world



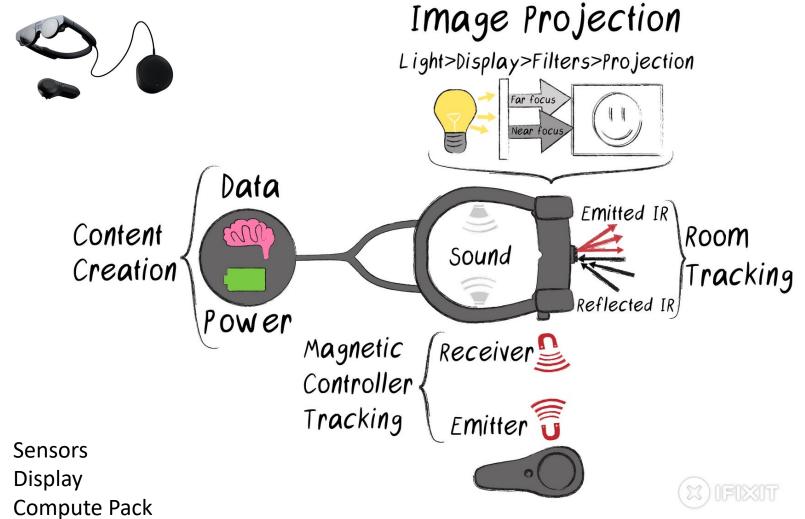
Virtual Reality

- Platforms
 - Only HMDs or VR Glasses; Near-eye Displays
- Motion tracking
 - Head, Eyes, Face, Body, Hands, Gestures, etc
- Other visual sensors
 - Sound, Tactile Feedback for touch

AR vs. MR vs. VR vs. XR

- AR = Digital + Physical
- MR = AR (or interactive AR)
- VR = Purely Digital
- XR = A catch all term for all of the above
- Metaverse Meta/Facebook
- Spatial Computing Apple
- Digital Twins

XR Hardware



XR Software

- Rendering Engines
 - Unity, Unreal
 - WebGL
- 3D modeling tools
 - Blender
 - Maya
- User Interfaces
- Programmable 3D Manipulation Frameworks
 - Open3D

XR Algorithms

- Sensing and Tracking
 - Eyes, Face, Hands, Head, Body...
- 3D Reconstruction
 - Efficiently extract 3D geometry from raw sensor data
 - From depth data or point cloud data form Lidars
- Real-time rendering algorithms
 - Decimation

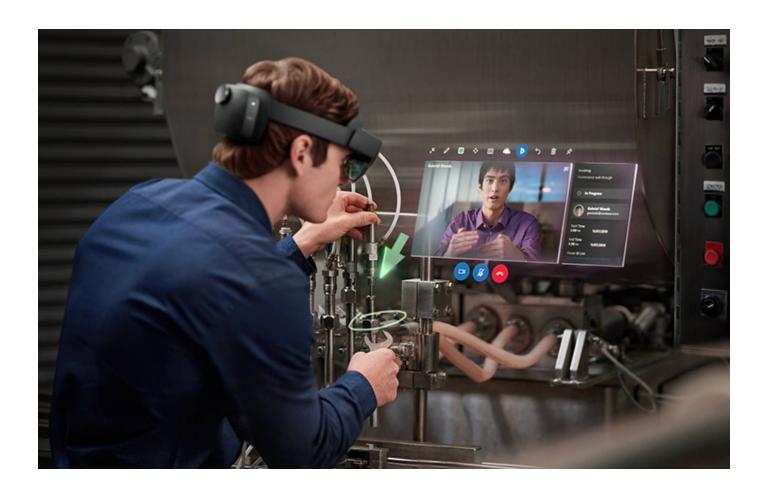
Leading Companies of XR



XR Applications - Gaming



XR Applications – Remote Assist



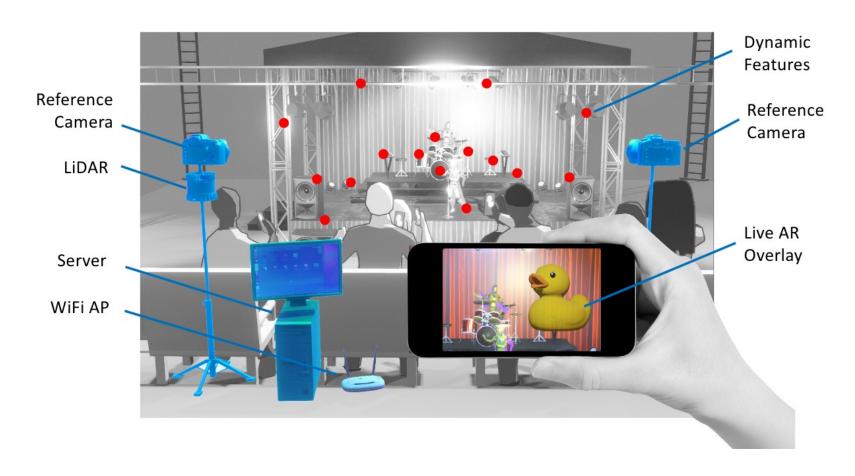
Hands free Facetime

XR Applications - Medical



Visualize 3D data in thin air

XR Applications - Entertainment



Theater performances

XR Applications - Engineering



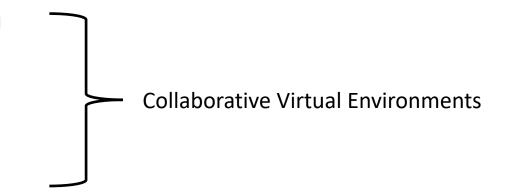
XR Applications – Telepresence



Previously: Large displays, Telepresence robots, etc..

XR Systems in Use Today

- Horizon Worlds Meta
- VRChat
- Mozilla Hubs
- AltspaceVR dead
- Many Games
- Retail, housing markets have started using 3D models of objects and houses for showing



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Any Questions?

The Need for Network

- Long Distance Communication
- Accessing Remotely Stored Content
- Accessing Distributed Resources

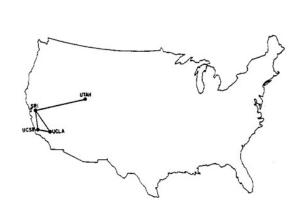
Networked Systems

- Voice and Video Calls
 - Facetime, Zoom, Teams
- Streaming Content On-demand
 - YouTube, Netflix, Tiktok
- Cloud compute and storage
- Printers, and other smart devices communication

XR Systems?

A Brief History of Networked XR Systems – 1970 & 1980

Early attempts of content delivery over the Internet



The Internet





Progressive Image Transmission



Teleconference [64Kbps]

Video on Demand: A Wideband Service or Myth?

A Brief History of Networked XR Systems – 1990 & 2000

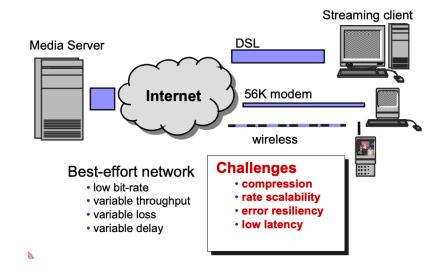
VIDEO ON DEMAND: IS IT FEASIBLE?

W. D. Sincoskie

Globecom'1990

Bell Communications Research 445 South Street Morristown, NJ 07960-1910

- Early attempts in on-demand video delivery
 - Powerful compute, storage, hardware capacity
 - Video compression (MPEG-1)
 - Internets
 - Progressive Downloads





https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OV3legWSi6U

A Brief History of Networked XR Systems – 2010 & 2020

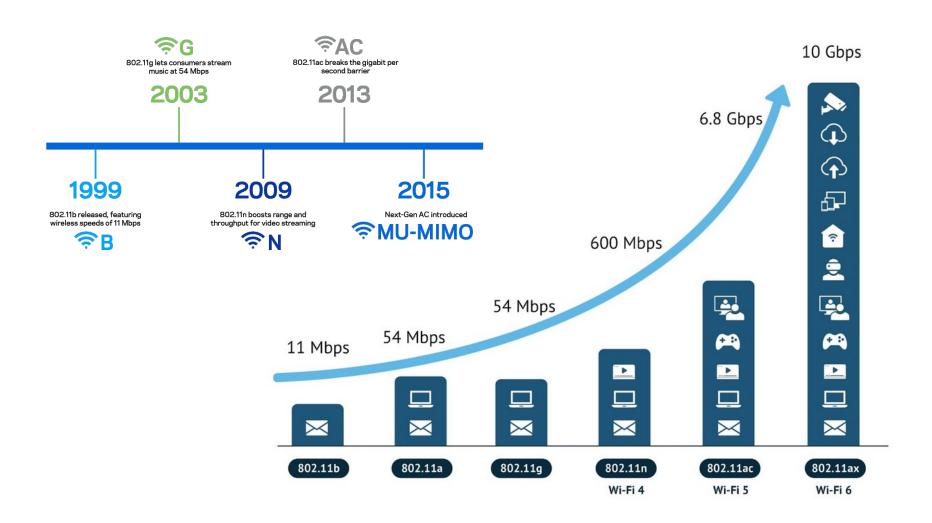
Madness at Peak →HD∻ →UHD< 60 Decoding delay 1.5 **NeRF** cloud VR/ More interarrival time game AR Point pixels Bandwidth Better cloud 360 4K pixels 1.0 Video Video Frame-rate 360° 2K 30 Video 4K/8K video **IPTV** HDR chat 420P 0.5 20 WCG Bit 1080P screen Depth sharing Resolution Perceptual quality 540p 720p 2K 360p 1080p

Despite the advances in computer networks, they are still a bottleneck

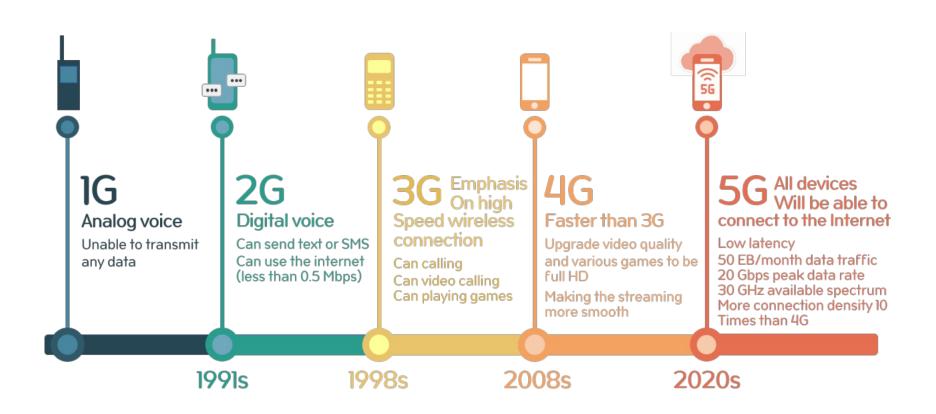
Fundamental Problems of Networked XR Systems

- Network bandwidth
- Bandwidth variability
- Latency
- Power consumption

Network Bandwidth - WiFi



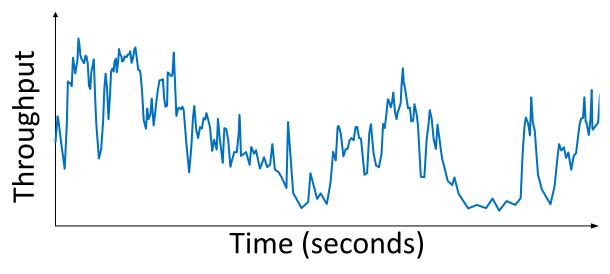
Network Bandwidth - Cellular



Network Bandwidth

A high quality XR system requires a few dozens of Gbps to stream interactive 3D content





Network Latency

- Processing
- Transmission
- Queueing
- Propagation

Network Latency - Processing

- Application processing
 - Preparing and packaging data into bits and packets
- Network stack
 - Packets are copied and processed at each layer before passing to the transmission (physical) layer

- Example Application
 - Video Streaming

Network Latency - Transmission

- Radio takes time to transfer bits onto the transmission medium
 - Wire
 - Wireless WiFi/Cellular Radios
- Depends on the device and chip

Network Latency - Queueing

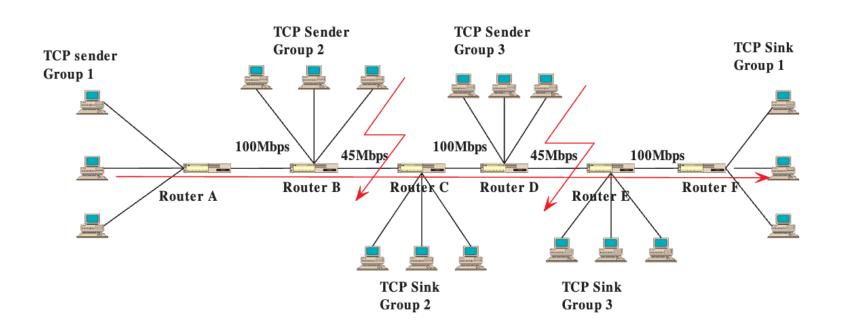
- Routers often have large queues of packets
 - Shallow buffers
 - Deep buffers
 - Trade-offs?

Network Latency - Propagation

- Light speed is the limit on packet time of flight
 - Boston to London 3000 miles, 16ms
 - Boston to Bombay 40ms
 - Impossible to send a packet faster than this latency

Routers and Switches as Bottlenecks

Packets are transported from place to another through multiple hops



Network and Application Synchronization

- Application vs. TCP congestion control
 - Mismatch in sending data rate
- Example
 - Video streaming application wants send at 100Mbps rate
 - Transport protocol sends at 10Mbps Packet drops
 - Solution?

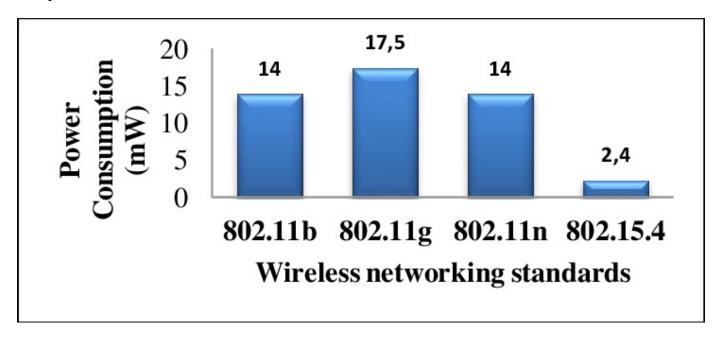
Power Consumption

Application-level power consumption

- Example
 - Video encoding or decoding
 - Display

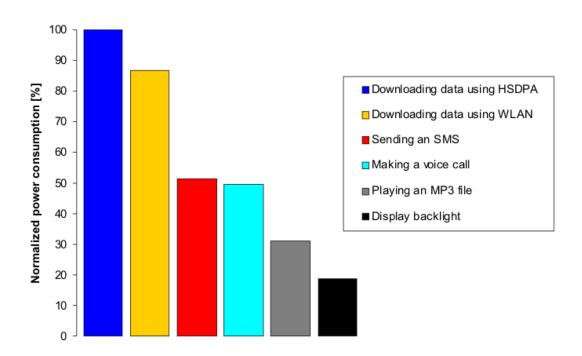
Power Consumption

- Network packet processing
- Radio is one of the most power-hungry components



Power Consumption

Cellular radio consumes more power than WiFi



Summary of the Lecture

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Any Questions?