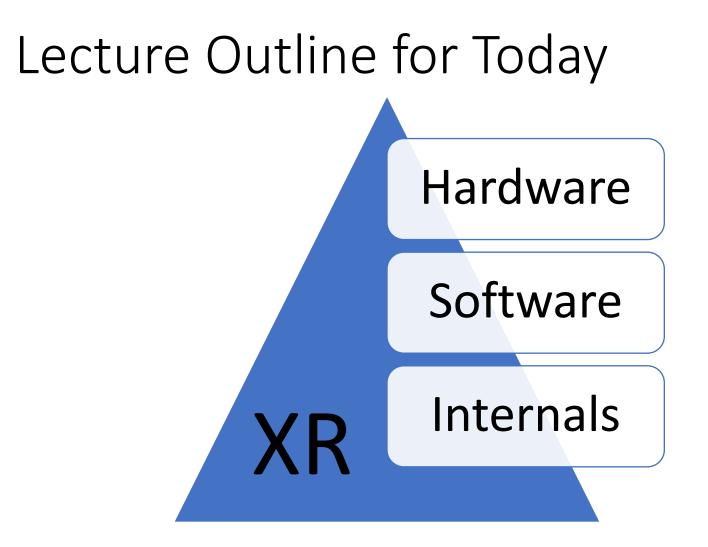
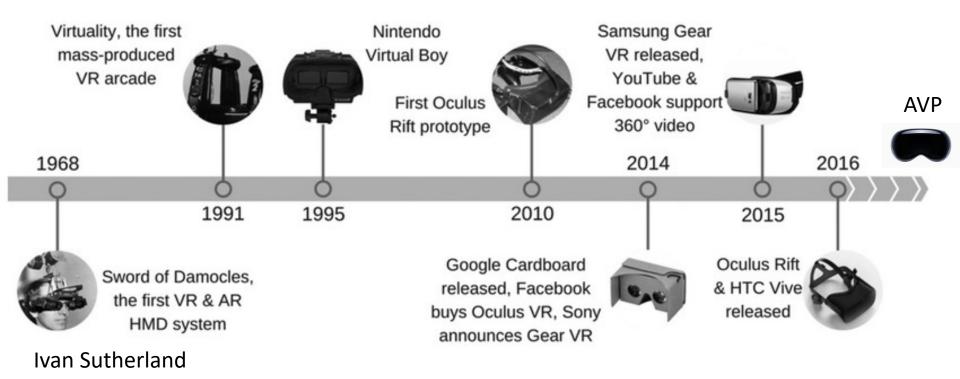
# EECE5698 Networked XR Systems

Some slides credits: Anthony Rowe, Intro to XR course, CMU



### Timeline of XR Headsets



https://mpiresolutions.com/the-evolution-of-virtual-reality/

### Popular XR Headsets Today





## Oculus Headset Series - Rift

	Display Type & Size	Dual low-persistence AMOLED (PenTile subpixel matrix)
	Display Size	ТВА
	Resolution	1200 x 1080 (per eye)
	Refresh Rate	90Hz
	Field of View	~100-degrees
	Lens Type	Hybrid Fresnel
	Lens Adjustment	IPD (58-72 mm), lens-to-eye distance (adjustable with optional glasses spacer)
	Sensors	Accelerometer, gyroscope, magnetometer
	Tracking Technology	6 DOF Constellation camera optical 360-degree IR LED tracking
	Integrated Camera	No
	Audio	Microphone, integrated supra-aural 3D spatial audio headphones (removable)
	HMD Ports	Proprietary headset connector (HDMI/USB 3.0)
	HMD Cable Length	4 m
	Materials Used	Plastic, IR-transparent fabric, glass, foam rubber
	Dimensions	~171 (~216) × ~102 mm(W (width including headphones) × D)
	Weight	470g (excluding cable)



#### Tethered to a PC

### Oculus Headset Series - Rift

Integrated constellation tracking: IR LEDs under fabric shell





## Oculus Headset Series – Quest1

	SoC	Qualcomm Snapdragon 835
	Display	Dual 1440x1600 72Hz OLED panels
	IPD Setting	Mechanical IPD adjustment (range undisclosed)
	Storage	64GB or 128GB of internal flash storage
	Audio	Integrated speakers and microphone, dual 3.5 mm audio jack (one on each side), in-ear headphone accessory available
	RAM	4GB
	Battery	Built-in Lithium Ion battery (mAh undisclosed)
	Facial Interface and Strap Material	Knit Mesh, Nylon Micro Yarn, Spandex Materials
•	Tracking Technology	Oculus Insight inside-out camera-based 6-DoF tracking with motion controllers
	Input	2nd-generation Oculus Touch controllers
	Play Space Requirements	Stationary or Room-scale. Room-scale requires a minimum of 2 x 2m or 6.5 x 6.5 feet of obstruction-free floor space
	Dimensions	193 x 105 x 222mm
	Weight	571g



#### Standalone – No need of PC

## Oculus Headset Series – Quest2

	Display	Fast-switch LCD: 1832 x 1920 resolution per eye, 72 Hz or 90 Hz refresh rate
	IPD Setting	3 mechanical pre-sets (58mm, 633mm, 68mm)
	Storage	64GB or 256GB of internal flash storage
	Audio	Integrated speakers and microphone, single 3.5 mm audio jack, third-party accessories available
	RAM	6GB
	Battery	Built-in Lithium Ion battery (mAh undisclosed); 2-3 hours estimated runtime, 2.5 hour charge time
	Facial Interface and Strap Material	Knit Mesh foam cushion, flexible fabric head strap
	Tracking Technology	Oculus Insight inside-out camera-based 6-DoF tracking with motion controllers
	Input	3rd-generation Oculus Touch controllers
	Play Space Requirements	Stationary or room-scale; Room-scale requires a minimum of 6.5 x 6.5 feet (2m x 2m) of obstruction-free floor space
	Dimensions	7.5 x 4 x 5.6 inches (191.5 x 102 x 142.5mm)
	Weight	1.1 pounds (503g)



#### Nothing changed significantly

## Oculus Headset Series – Quest3

	Display	2064 x 2208 per eye	
	Display Type	LCD	
	Refresh Rate	2Hz, 80Hz, 90Hz, 120Hz (experimental)	
•	Processor	Qualcomm Snapdragon XR2 Gen 2	
	RAM	8GB	
	Storage	128GB or 512GB	
•	Field of View	110 degrees horizontal, 96 degrees vertical	
	Degrees of Freedom	6 DoF	
	Audio	Dual open-air speakers	
	Wireless Connectivity	Wi-Fi 6E, Bluetooth 5.2	
	Battery Life	Up to 2.9 hours	
	Weight	1.13 pounds (515 grams)	



Passthrough Mixed Reality Headset

### Meta Glasses

- Hardware: Snapdragon AR1 Gen 1 platform
- Live Streaming
- Al Voice Assistant
- Snap pics, record video, listen to music, etc



### https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gvpybQpB46k&t=1s

## Magic Leap & Hololens

Optical see-through, eye tracking



Magic Leap 2HoloLens 2Resolution1440 x 1760 per eye1440 x 936 per eyeOpticsWaveguideWaveguideRefresh Rate 120 Hz60 HzField of View 70° diagonal52° diagonal



No controllers, hand tracking

### Apple Vision Pro

Two processors: M1 – for general purpose R1 – for sensing, IMU, cameras

4K micro-LED panel for each eye

#### Spatial videos



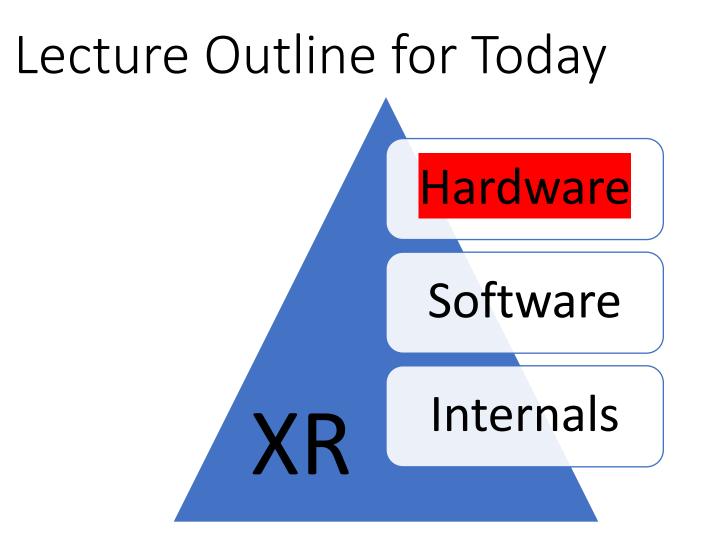




### XReal

	Display	1920 x 1080 per eye	
	Display Type	OLED	
	Brightness	500 nits	
•	Field of View	46 degrees	
•	Degrees of Freedom	3 DoF	
	Audio	Dual open-air speakers	
	Connectivity	USB-C	
•	Weight	2.54 ounces (72 grams)	





## XR Software Tools

- Web Programming
- Standards
- SDKs
- Native Renderers
- 3D Modeling
- Game Engines
- 3D Scanners

### XR Web Tools

### WebGL

WebGL is a JavaScript API for rendering interactive 2D and 3D graphics within any compatible web browser without the use of plug-ins. WebGL is fully integrated with other web standards, allowing GPU-accelerated usage of physics, image processing, and effects in the HTML canvas.

https://get.webgl.org/

### XR Web Tools

### • Three.js

#### JavaScript 3D library

The aim of the project is to create an easy-to-use, lightweight, cross-browser, general-purpose 3D library. The current builds only include a WebGL renderer but WebGPU (experimental), SVG and CSS3D renderers are also available as addons.



https://github.com/mrdoob/three.js/

### XR Web Tools

### • A-Frame

A -Frame is a web framework for building virtual reality (VR) experiences. A -Frame is based on top of HTML, making it simple to get started. But A -Frame is not just a 3D scene graph or a markup language; the core is a powerful entity-component framework that provides a declarative, extensible, and composable structure to three.js.

https://glitch.com/~aframe

### XR Standards

### WebXR

The WebXR Device API provides access to input (pose information from headset and controllers) and output (hardware display) capabilities commonly associated with Virtual Reality (VR) and Augmented Reality (AR) devices. It allows you develop and host VR and AR experiences on the web.

#### **Target hardware**

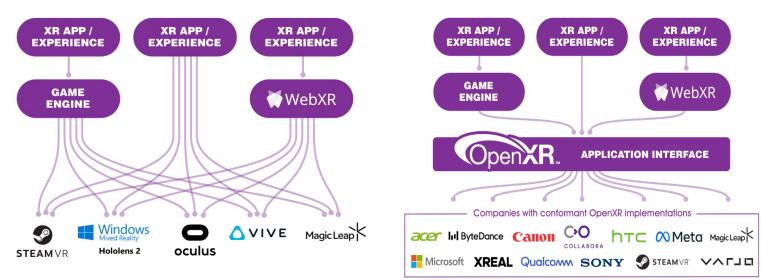
Examples of supported devices include (but are not limited to):

- ARCore-compatible devices
- Google Daydream
- HTC Vive
- Magic Leap One
- <u>Microsoft Hololens</u>
- Meta Quest 1, 2, and Pro
- Samsung Gear VR
- Windows Mixed Reality headsets

### XR Standards

OpenXR (<u>https://www.khronos.org/openxr/</u>)

OpenXR provides cross-platform, high-performance access directly into diverse XR device runtimes across multiple platforms. OpenXR enables applications and engines, including WebXR, to run on any system that exposes the OpenXR APIs.

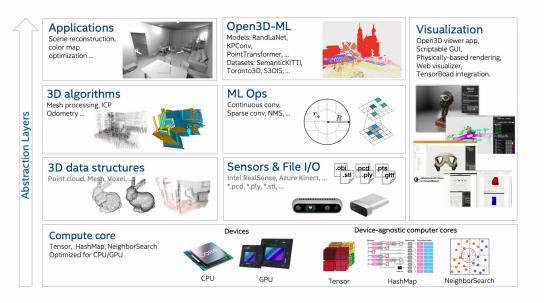


**Before OpenXR:** Applications and engines needed separate proprietary code for each device on the market.

**OpenXR** provides a single cross-platform, high-performance API between applications and all conformant devices.

### Open3D

Open3D is an open-source library that supports rapid development of software that deals with 3D data. The Open3D frontend exposes a set of carefully selected data structures and algorithms in both C++ and Python. The backend is highly optimized and is set up for parallelization.



#### https://www.open3d.org/docs/release/tutorial/geometry/mesh.html

- ARKit Mobile (Apple)
  - ARKit combines device motion tracking, world tracking, scene understanding, and display conveniences to simplify building an AR experience.

let session = ARKitSession()
let worldInfo = WorldTrackingProvider()



ARCore – Mobile (Android)

ARCore is Google's augmented reality SDK offering cross-platform APIs to build new immersive experiences on Android, iOS, Unity, and Web.



### Built-in sensors

GPS for position and compass for orientation.

### Cloud Anchors API

Create a map of an area for other users to localize against.

Geospatial API

Leverage Google's global-scale 3D map as your canvas.

### • Oculus & MRTK



Input System



Hand Tracking (HoloLens 2)



Eye Tracking (HoloLens 2)



Profiles



Hand Tracking (Ultraleap)



Spatial Awareness



Boundary System



Diagnostic

In-Editor

Simulation

Tool

UI Controls



Multi-Scene Manager

<u>-</u> ---



MRTK Standard Shader Example View Speech

& Dictation

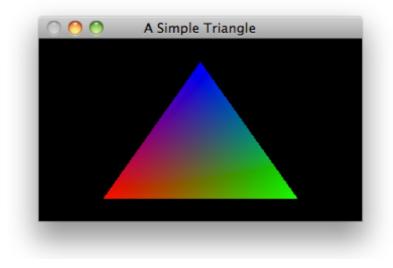


Experimental Features



### XR Native Renderers

- OpenGL
  - OpenGL is a cross-language, cross-platform application programming interface for rendering 2D and 3D vector graphics. The API is typically used to interact with a GPU, to achieve hardware-accelerated rendering.



### XR Native Renderers

### DirectX

Microsoft's graphics API

DirectX is composed of multiple APIs:

- Direct3D (D3D): Real-time 3D rendering API
- DXGI: Enumerates adapters and monitors and manages swap chains for Direct3D 10 and later.
- Direct2D: 2D graphics API
- DirectWrite: Text rendering API
- DirectCompute: API for general-purpose computing on graphics processing units
- DirectX Diagnostics (DxDiag): A tool for diagnosing and generating reports on components related to DirectX, such as audio, video, and input drivers
- XACT3: High-level audio API
- XAudio2: Low-level audio API
- DirectX Raytracing (DXR): Real-time raytracing API
- DirectStorage: GPU-oriented file I/O API
- DirectML: GPU-accelerated machine learning and artificial intelligence API

#### https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/directx

### XR Native Renderers

- Vulkan
  - Vulkan is a low-level low-overhead, cross-platform API and open standard for 3D graphics and computing. It was originally developed as Mantle by AMD, but was later given to Khronos Group. It was intended to address the shortcomings of OpenGL, and allow developers more control over the GPU.

Vulkan is preferred over OpenGL nowadays

## XR 3D Modeling

- Blender
  - Blender is a free and open-source 3D computer graphics software tool set used for creating animated films, visual effects, art, 3D-printed models, motion graphics, interactive 3D applications, virtual reality, and, formerly, video games.

https://youtu.be/f-mx-Jfx9IA?t=236

## XR 3D Modeling

- Maya
  - Better modeling features compared to Blender
  - Mainly for enterprises not free, not open

## XR Gaming Engines

- Unity & Unreal
  - Unity was originally an Apple game engine but slowly spread to many platforms
  - Both provide game developers with a 2D and 3D platform to create video games.

	Unity	Unreal
Developer	Unity Technologies	Epic Games
Written in	C# (Unity Scripting API)C++ (runtime)	C++
Supported platforms	Mobile, desktop, web, console, VR/XR	Mobile, desktop, console, VR/XR (less than Unity offers)
Primary audience	Mobile, indie, and beginner developers	AAA devs and indie teams striving for realism
Ease of use	Beginner-friendly interface	Steep learning curve
Open source	No	Yes
Price	Free to use (until the product has earned more than \$100k in the last 12 months)	Free to use (a 5% royalty if the product earns more than \$1 million)
2D/3D support	Yes	Yes (limited for 2D)

### XR 3D Scanners

Matterport (<u>https://matterport.com</u>)



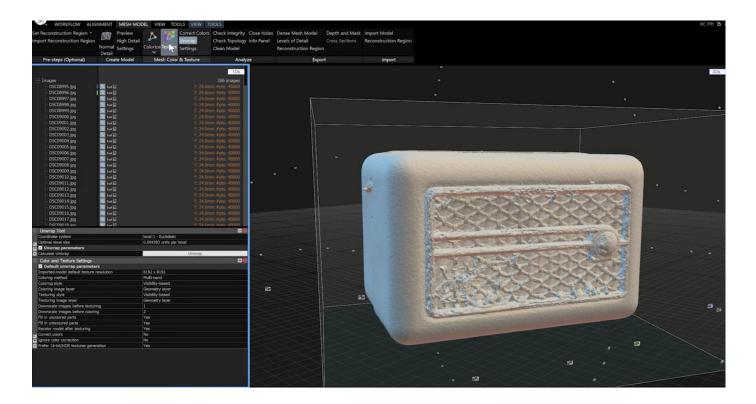
#### https://jamesandharrisoncourt.com/virtual-tours

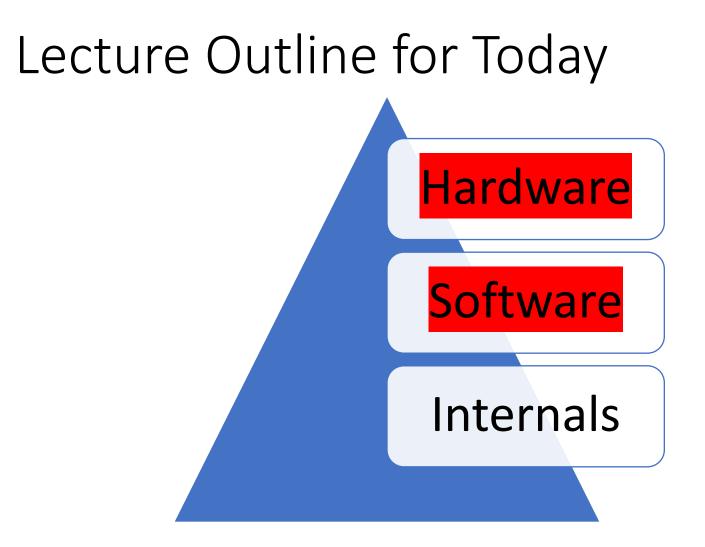
### XR 3D Scanners

- Scaniverse (<u>https://scaniverse.com</u>) Mobile
- a 3D scanning app that supports all recent iPhones and iPads, including those without LiDAR.
   Scaniverse uses photogrammetry to accurately reconstruct objects, rooms, and even whole buildings and outdoor environments.

### XR 3D Scanners

RealityCapture – photogrammetry + manual editing



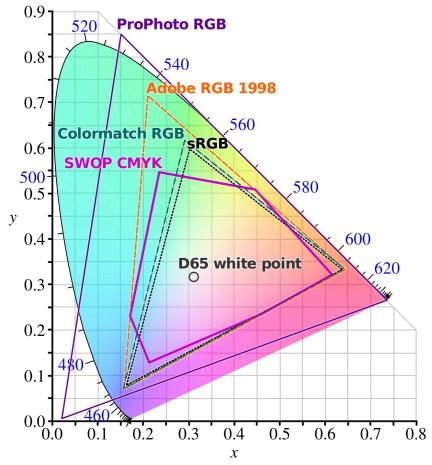


### XR Internals

- Perception
- Motion to Photon Latency
- Positioning and Tracking
- 3D Reconstruction
- Real-time Rendering

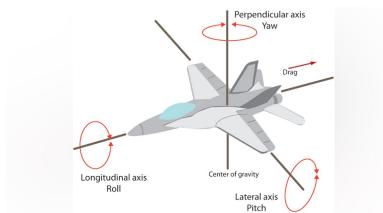
## **XR** Perception

- Visual
  - Color
  - Quality/spatial resolution
  - Depth resolution
  - Temporal resolution
  - Field of view
- Non-visual
  - Sense of touch
  - Audio
  - Balance
  - Smell

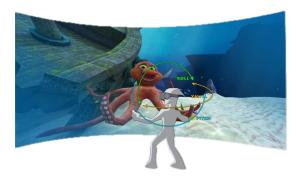


## Positioning and Tracking

- You need to know where you are in the world
  - GPS?
  - Visual
  - Inertial
  - Lidar
  - RF



- 3-DoF
- 6-DoF



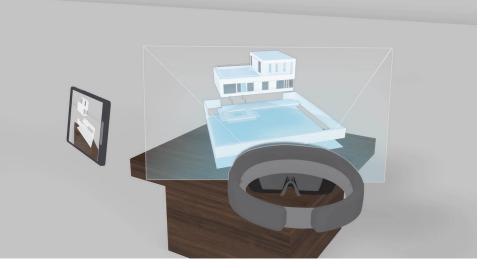


X, Y, Z & Yaw, Pitch, Roll

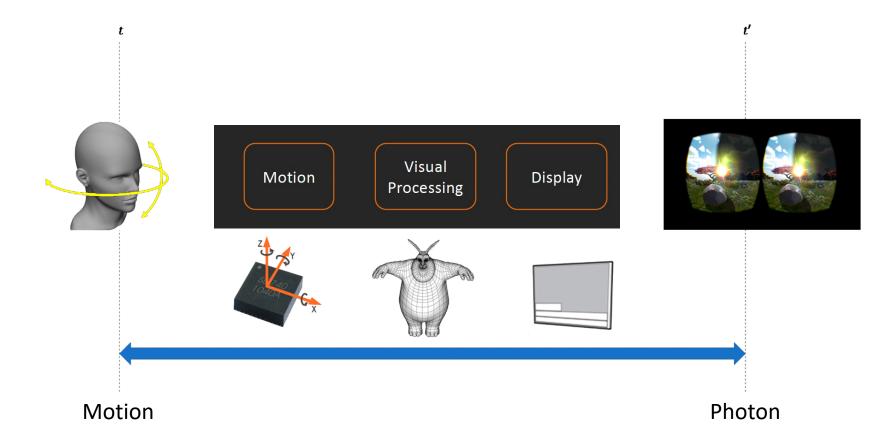
## Positioning and Tracking

- Anchors
  - Anchors ensure that objects appear to stay at the same position and orientation in space, helping you maintain the illusion of virtual objects placed in the real world.

- Plane
- Wall
- Floor
- Face...
- Anything that you can identify well



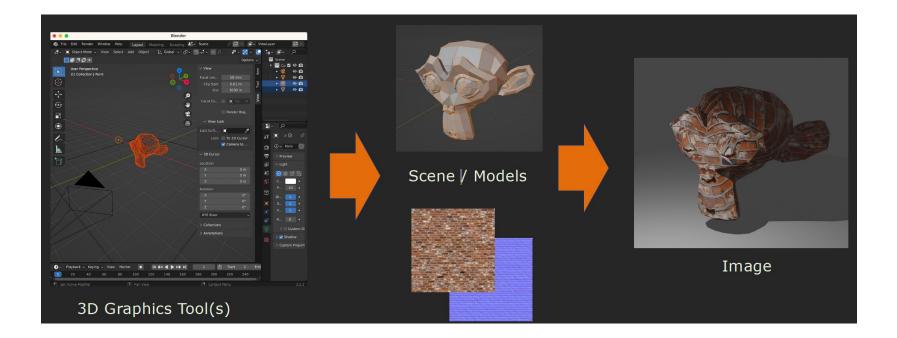
## Motion to Photon Latency



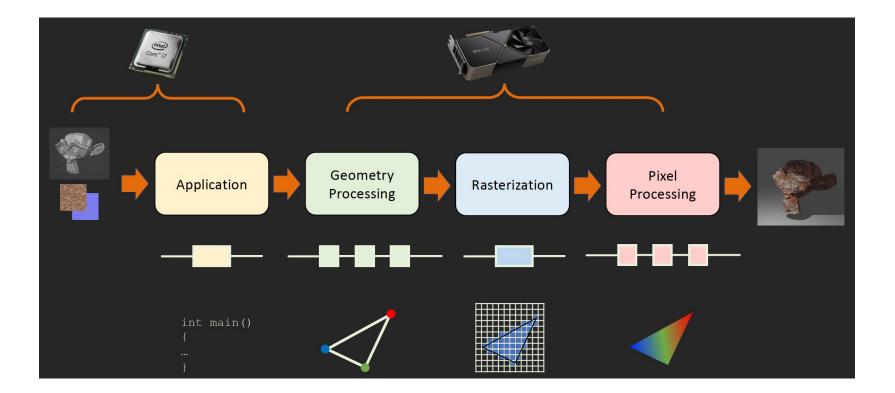
### **3D** Reconstruction

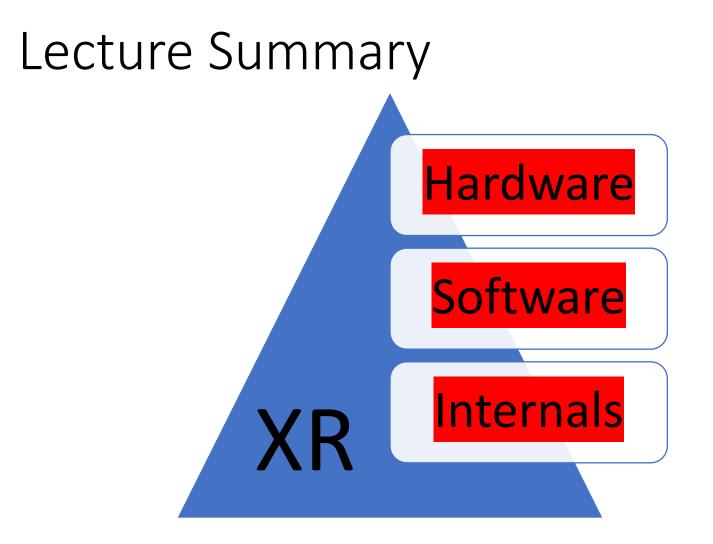


### Real-time Rendering



### Real-time Rendering





Next up: XR Sensors and Sensing Algorithms